

$$\begin{aligned}
 u &= \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}(e_1 + e_3) & | & \quad u v = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}(e_1 + e_3)e_1 \\
 v &= e_1 & & \quad = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} + \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}e_3e_1 \\
 & & & \quad = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} - \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}e_1e_3 \\
 & & & \quad \text{dot} \quad \text{wedge} \\
 \hline
 w &= \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} + \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}e_1e_3
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\boxed{v u (w) u v}$$

typo

$$\begin{aligned}
 w' &= v u (w) u v \\
 &= \left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} + \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}e_1e_3\right)(e_1 + e_3)\left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} - \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}e_1e_3\right) \\
 &= \left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} + \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}e_1e_3\right)\left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}e_1 - \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}e_3 + \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}e_3\right. \\
 &\quad \left. - \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}\underline{e_3e_1e_3}\right) \\
 &\quad \quad \quad -e_1
 \end{aligned}$$

$$= \left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} + \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}e_1e_3\right)\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}(e_1 + e_1)$$

$$= \frac{1}{2}(1 + e_1e_3)(2e_1)$$

$$= e_1 + e_1e_3e_1$$

$$\boxed{w' = e_1 - e_3}$$

$$\textcircled{3} \begin{pmatrix} -1 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & -1 & 1 \\ -1 & -1 & 1 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} x \\ y \\ z \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 2 \\ 1 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$x = \begin{vmatrix} 2 & 0 & 1 \\ 1 & -1 & 1 \\ 0 & -1 & 1 \end{vmatrix}$$

$$\begin{vmatrix} -1 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & -1 & 1 \\ -1 & -1 & 1 \end{vmatrix}$$

$$z = \begin{vmatrix} -1 & 0 & 2 \\ 0 & -1 & 1 \\ -1 & -1 & 0 \end{vmatrix}$$

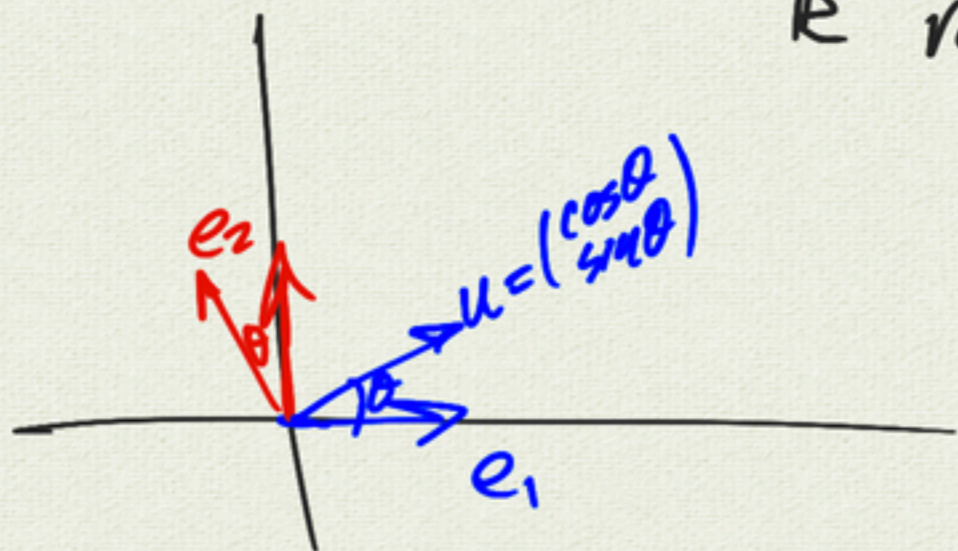
$$\begin{vmatrix} 1 & & \\ & 1 & \end{vmatrix}$$



$$-1 \begin{vmatrix} -1 & 1 \\ -1 & 1 \end{vmatrix} - 0 \begin{vmatrix} 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 1 \end{vmatrix} + 1 \begin{vmatrix} 0 & -1 \\ -1 & -1 \end{vmatrix}$$

$$\begin{vmatrix} + & - & + \\ - & + & - \\ + & - & + \end{vmatrix}$$

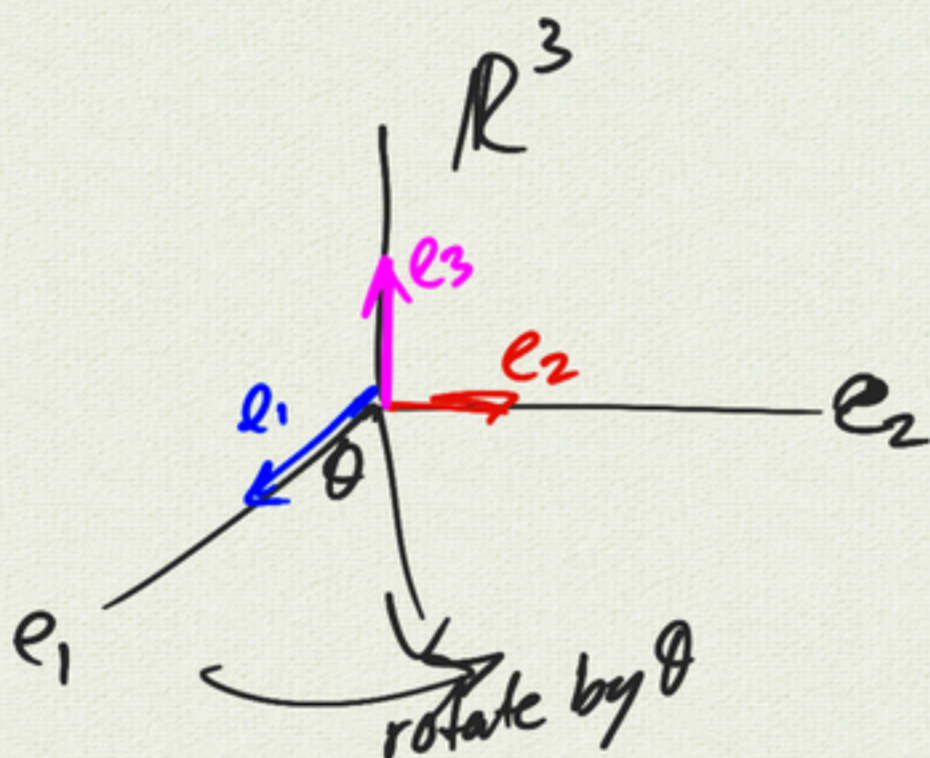
## $\mathbb{R}^2$ rotations



$$R_\theta = \begin{pmatrix} \cos \theta & -\sin \theta \\ \sin \theta & \cos \theta \end{pmatrix}$$

$$R_\theta v = \begin{pmatrix} \cos \theta & -\sin \theta \\ \sin \theta & \cos \theta \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} v_x \\ v_y \end{pmatrix}$$

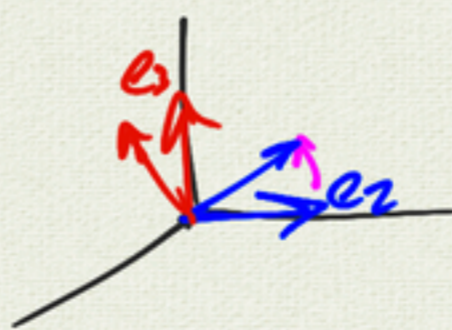
rotates  $v$  by  $\theta$   
(matrix multiplication)



$$R_\theta = \begin{pmatrix} \cos \theta & -\sin \theta & 0 \\ \sin \theta & \cos \theta & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix}$$

rotation by  $\theta$  in  $e_1 e_2$  plane  
 $xy$

rotate in  $e_2 e_3$  plane  
 $yz$



$$R_\theta = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & \cos \theta & -\sin \theta \\ 0 & \sin \theta & \cos \theta \end{pmatrix}$$

rotate in  $e_1 e_3$  plane:  
 $xz$

$$R_\theta = \begin{pmatrix} \cos \theta & 0 & -\sin \theta \\ 0 & 1 & 0 \\ \sin \theta & 0 & \cos \theta \end{pmatrix}$$

notation:  $R_x =$  rotation around x-axis by  $\pi$   
 yz plane  
 $e_2 e_3$

$$R_x = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & \cos \pi & -\sin \pi \\ 0 & \sin \pi & \cos \pi \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & -1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & -1 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$R_x \begin{pmatrix} w_x \\ w_y \\ w_z \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & -1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & -1 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} w_x \\ w_y \\ w_z \end{pmatrix} = \boxed{\begin{pmatrix} w_x \\ -w_y \\ -w_z \end{pmatrix}}$$

rotation  
by  $\pi$  around  
y-axis  
in  $e_1 e_3$  plane  
 $xz$

$$R_y = \begin{pmatrix} -1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & -1 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$R_z = \begin{pmatrix} -1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & -1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$R_z R_y R_x = I$$

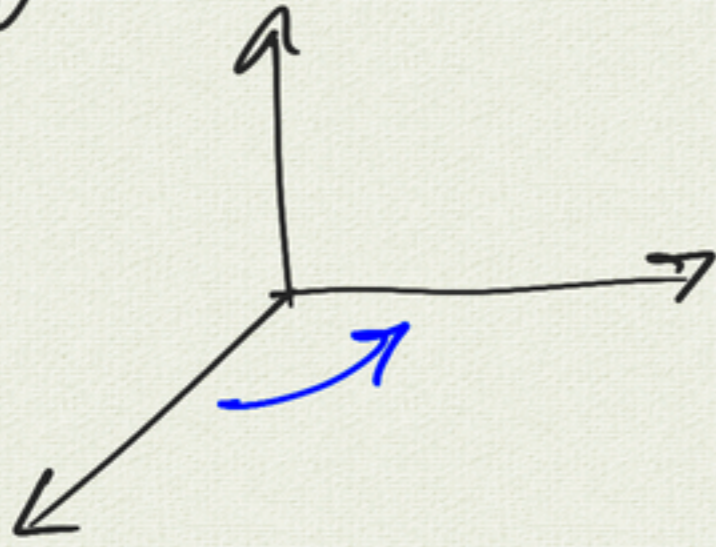
$$R_x R_y = R_z$$

flip  
y,z

flip  
x,z

flip x,y

geometric algebra:



rotation in  $e_1 e_2$  plane by  $\pi$   
need  $u, v$

$$(vu) w (uv) = w \text{ rotated by } \pi \text{ in } e_1 e_2 \text{ plane}$$

$$\Rightarrow w' = (e_2 e_1) (w_x e_1 + w_y e_2 + w_z e_3) (e_1 e_2)$$

$$(2\theta = \pi)$$

$$\theta = \pi/2$$

$$\Rightarrow \text{let } u = e_1, v = e_2$$

$$= w_x \underbrace{e_2 e_1 e_1 e_2}_{-e_1} + w_y \underbrace{e_2 e_1 e_2 e_1}_{-e_2}$$

$$+ w_z \underbrace{e_2 e_1 e_3 e_1 e_2}_{e_3}$$

$$= -w_x e_1 - w_y e_2 + w_z e_3 = \begin{pmatrix} -w_x \\ -w_y \\ w_z \end{pmatrix}$$

$R_z \leftrightarrow e_1 e_2$   
rotation around z-axis      rotation in  $e_1, e_2$  plane

$$w' = R_z w$$

$$w' = (e_2 e_1) w (e_1 e_2)$$

$$R_y \leftrightarrow e_3 e_1$$

$$R_x \leftrightarrow e_2 e_3$$

$$R_x R_y = R_z$$

$$(e_1 e_2) (e_2 e_3) = (e_1 e_3)$$

rotation · rotation = rotation