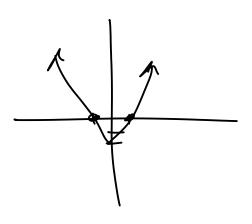
Unit 4 Group Work 2 PCHA 2022-23 / Dr. Kessner

No calculator! Have fun!

1. Factor the following polynomial completely, both over \mathbb{R} (as a product of real linear and irreducible quadratic factors) and over \mathbb{C} (as a product of complex linear factors). Sketch the graph of the function.

$$p(x) = x^4 - 2x^3 + x^2 + 2x - 2$$

potential rational zeros: $\pm 1, 2$ p(1) = 1 - 2 + 1 + 2 - 2 = 0 $1 \quad 1 \quad -2 \quad 1 \quad 2 \quad -2$ $1 \quad -1 \quad 0 \quad 2 \quad 0$ $p_2(x) = x^3 - x^2 + 2$ $p_2(1) = 1 - 1 + 2 \neq 0$ $p_2(-1) = -1 - 1 + 2 = 0$ $p_2(-1) = -1 - 1 + 2 = 0$ $p_2(-1) = -1 - 1 + 2 = 0$ $p(x) = (x - 1)(x + 1)(x^2 - 2x + 2)$ p(x) = (x - 1)(x + 1)(x - (x - 1))



2. Factor the following polynomial completely, both over \mathbb{R} (as a product of real linear and irreducible quadratic factors) and over $\mathbb C$ (as a product of complex linear factors). Sketch the graph of the function. A little bird tells you that 2-2i is a zero.

$$q(x) = x^5 - 4x^4 + 5x^3 + 14x^2 - 32x + 16$$

$$1p_2(x) = x^3 - 3x + 2$$

 $p_{2(x)} = x^{3} - 3x + 2$ $potential\ rational\ zeros : \pm 1, 2$ $p_{2(1)} = 1 - 3 + 2 = 0$

$$\frac{1}{1} \frac{1}{1} \frac{0}{0} \frac{-3}{3} \frac{2}{2}$$

$$\frac{1}{1} \frac{1}{-2} \frac{-2}{0}$$

$$\frac{1}{1} \frac{1}{-2} = (x+2)(x-1)$$

$$= 7 p(x) = (x-1)^{2}(x+2)(x-(2+2i))(x-(2-2i)) \text{ aver } C$$

$$(x-1)^{2}(x+2)(x^{2}-4x+8) \text{ aver } R$$

$$(2-2i)(-2-2i)$$

$$= -(2-2i)(2+2i)$$

$$= -7$$

$$(2-2i)(8+6i) = 2\cdot 2(1-i)(4+3i)$$

$$= 4(4-i+3)$$

$$= 28-4i$$

$$(-4-4i)(2-2i) = -8-8 = -16$$

